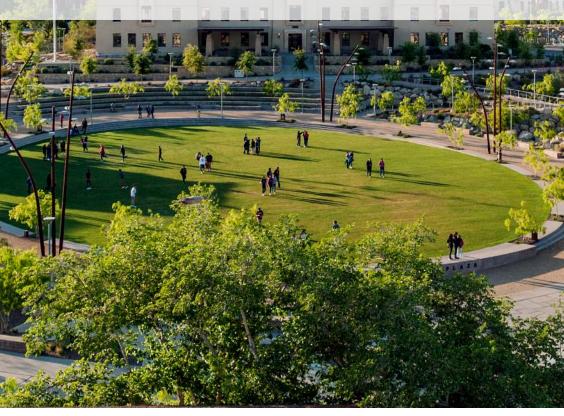
USA REPORT

QUARTERLY CONSTRUCTION COST REPORT

THIRD QUARTER 2016







USA REPORT

AT A GLANCE

Following a healthy 2015 for the US construction industry where several key sectors grew by as much as 20%, construction spending will increase approximately 6% in 2016, and a further 5% in 2017.

Continued low interest rates, improved consumer confidence and healthy job growth are some of the positive factors in the economy that continue to sustain demand within the construction industry. The outlook for the construction industry in the remainder of 2016 remains reasonably favorable as supported by the Architecture Billings Index (ABI) which, despite recently moderating, remains positive.

Gains in construction activity may start to slow with a recent consensus forecast of real estate trends conducted by the Urban Land Institute (ULI) suggesting that we are in the latter stages of a real estate cycle.

National economic growth has been slower than previously anticipated, in part due to the development of increasing national and international vulnerabilities. Combined with weakened US manufacturing output and investor uncertainty leading up to the US presidential election, this may begin to create downward pressure on the construction industry in 2017.

UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS CAMPUS RENOVATION EL PASO, TEXAS

The University of Texas at El Paso (UTEP) celebrated 100 years of service to the Paso del Norte region in 2014. During this time, the campus underwent a site campus transformation, designed by Ten Eyck Landscape Architects and 11 other consulting firms. The team designed a new campus core by eliminating 4.3 acres of asphalt and replacing it with new pedestrian malls, arroyos and green spaces that knit together campus buildings and to visibly tie the campus to the surrounding desert mountains creating a climate consistent with UTEP's development as a national research (Tier One) university with a 21st century student demographic.

The team was inspired by and utilized UTEP's rich heritage, located on the U.S.-Mexico border, its attractive geological features, and the Chihuahuan Desert landscape to cultivate a unique campus setting. Aided by the unifying Bhutanese architectural style of the buildings, Ten Eyck was able to transform the campus into a national model of campus design. Comfortable and pleasing to the eye, the campus transformation helped to increase pride in the University and to reinforce UTEP's collective commitment to excellence.

The Campus Transformation project was the first project in the world to be SITES certified, achieving the silver rating by the Green Building Certification Institute. The project was awarded this designation because collaborative design efforts between disciplines and the University allowed land development and creative design to work hand-in-hand. This resulted in an inspiring, ecologically resilient campus that connects students with nature and each other through its site design. Rider Levett Bucknall provided milestone cost estimating services throughout the design phases for this campus transformation project.



NATIONAL CONSTRUCTION COST INDEX

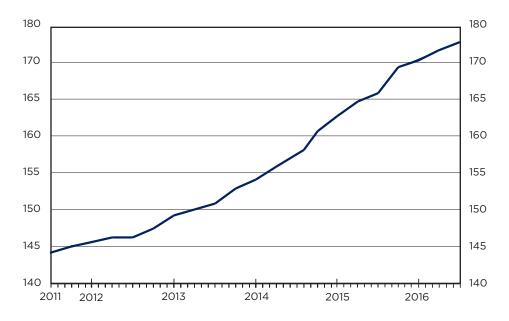
The National Construction Cost Index shows the changing cost of construction between July 2011 and July 2016, relative to a base of 100 in April 2001. Index recalibrated as of April 2011.

| Date | Cost Index |
|--------------|------------|
| July 2011 | 144.53 |
| October 2011 | 145.29 |
| January 2012 | 145.73 |
| April 2012 | 146.35 |
| July 2012 | 146.67 |
| October 2012 | 147.74 |
| January 2013 | 149.19 |
| April 2013 | 150.75 |
| July 2013 | 151.89 |
| October 2013 | 153.09 |
| January 2014 | 154.56 |
| April 2014 | 156.33 |
| July 2014 | 158.48 |
| October 2014 | 161.11 |
| January 2015 | 162.98 |
| April 2015 | 164.96 |
| July 2015 | 166.85 |
| October 2015 | 169.05 |
| January 2016 | 171.38 |
| April 2016 | 173.84 |
| July 2016 | 176.48 |

Welcome to the third quarter 2016 issue of Rider Levett Bucknall's Quarterly Cost Reports! This issue contains data current to July 1, 2016.

According to the U.S. Department of Commerce, construction put-in-place during June 2016 was estimated at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of \$1,133.5 billion, which is 0.6% below the revised May estimate of \$1,140.9 billion. The June 2016 figure is 0.3% above the June 2015 estimate of \$1,130.5 billion. The value of construction for the first six months of this year was \$539.8 billion, 6.2% above the same period in 2015.

NATIONAL CONSTRUCTION COST INDEX



KEY UNITED STATES STATISTICS

| | Q3 2015 | Q4 2015 | Q1 2016 | Q2 2016 |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Gross Domestic Product (GDP)* | 2.1% | 1.4% | 0.8% | 1.1% |
| Consumer Price Index (CPI) | 237.8 | 236.5 | 238.1 | 241.0 |
| Inflation (Quarter) | -0.34% | -0.60% | 0.68% | 1.22% |
| Architectural Billings Index (ABI) | 53.7 | 50.9 | 51.9 | 52.6 |
| Construction Put-in-Place (B) | \$1,094.2 | \$1,116.6 | \$1,133.9 | \$1,133.5 |
| Unemployment | 5.1% | 5.0% | 4.9% | 4.9% |
| Construction Unemployment | 5.5% | 7.5% | 8.7% | 4.6% |

GDP represented in percent change from the preceding quarter, seasonally adjusted at annual rates. CPI quarterly figures represent the monthly value at the end of the quarter. Inflation rates represent the total price of inflation from the previous quarter, based on the change in the Consumer Price Index. ABI is derived from a monthly American Institute of Architects survey of architectural firms of their work on the boards, reported at the end of the period. Construction Put-in-Place figures represent total value of construction dollars in billions spent at a seasonally adjusted annual rate taken at the end of each quarter. General Unemployment rates are based on the total population 16 years and older. Construction lumenployment rates represent only the percent of experienced private wage and salary workers in the construction industry 16 years and older. Unemployment rates are seasonally adjusted, reported at the end of.

Sources: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Bureau of Economic Analysis, American Institute of Architects

* Adjustments made to GDP based on amended changes from the Bureau of Economic Analysis.



INDICATIVE CONSTRUCTION COSTS

The data in the chart below represents estimates of current building costs in each respective market. Costs may vary as a consequence of factors such as site conditions, climatic conditions, standards of specification, market conditions, etc. Values represent hard construction costs based on U.S. dollars per square foot of gross floor area.

| | OFFICES RETAIL SHOPPING | | IG | HOTELS | | | HOS | PITAL | INDUSTRIAL PARKING | | | | RESID | ENTIAL | EDUCATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|-------------------------|------|------|--------|-----|------|-----|-------|--------------------|------|-----|------|-------|--------|-----------|------|---------------|------|------|------------------|-----|---------------|-----|------------|-----|-------------|-----|------------|-----|------|
| | PR | IME | SECO | NDARY | CEN | NTER | ST | RIP | 5 S | TAR | 3 S | TAR | GEN | ERAL | WAREHOUSE | | GROUND BASEME | | MENT | ENT MULTI-FAMILY | | SINGLE-FAMILY | | ELEMENTARY | | HIGH SCHOOL | | UNIVERSITY | | |
| LOCATION | LOW | HIGH | LOW | HIGH | LOW | HIGH | LOW | HIGH | LOW | HIGH | LOW | HIGH | LOW | HIGH | LOW | HIGH | LOW | HIGH | LOW | HIGH | LOW | HIGH | LOW | HIGH | LOW | HIGH | LOW | HIGH | LOW | HIGH |
| Boston | 275 | 450 | 180 | 275 | 150 | 250 | 100 | 150 | 350 | 500 | 225 | 350 | 375 | 600 | 100 | 175 | 70 | 100 | 90 | 150 | 175 | 300 | 250 | 350 | 275 | 375 | 285 | 400 | 300 | 450 |
| Chicago | 230 | 360 | 140 | 200 | 130 | 210 | 105 | 130 | 290 | 450 | 190 | 240 | 330 | 595 | 100 | 130 | 65 | 110 | 90 | 140 | 130 | 210 | 150 | 325 | 220 | 350 | 220 | 370 | 250 | 375 |
| Denver | 160 | 255 | 115 | 175 | 90 | 145 | 70 | 135 | 200 | 310 | 150 | 185 | 370 | 455 | 90 | 150 | 50 | 70 | 90 | 120 | 85 | 190 | 90 | 400 | 245 | 300 | 260 | 310 | 285 | 400 |
| Honolulu | 285 | 530 | 245 | 400 | 210 | 495 | 175 | 435 | 515 | 745 | 325 | 545 | 475 | 760 | 145 | 225 | 100 | 145 | 140 | 265 | 195 | 445 | 280 | 760 | 340 | 475 | 405 | 610 | 445 | 720 |
| Las Vegas | 140 | 295 | 105 | 190 | 115 | 480 | 65 | 145 | 350 | 500 | 150 | 300 | 285 | 455 | 50 | 100 | 50 | 85 | 60 | 150 | 70 | 405 | 90 | 350 | 180 | 315 | 200 | 455 | 235 | 455 |
| Los Angeles | 210 | 315 | 145 | 220 | 130 | 295 | 105 | 170 | 315 | 470 | 210 | 290 | 420 | 630 | 100 | 170 | 100 | 120 | 115 | 165 | 160 | 260 | 160 | 325 | 325 | 430 | 340 | 470 | 360 | 515 |
| New York | 350 | 550 | 275 | 375 | 250 | 400 | 150 | 250 | 375 | 550 | 275 | 375 | 450 | 650 | 115 | 200 | 90 | 150 | 125 | 200 | 200 | 375 | 275 | 400 | 290 | 400 | 300 | 450 | 300 | 450 |
| Phoenix | 160 | 275 | 110 | 175 | 110 | 170 | 75 | 130 | 275 | 475 | 150 | 250 | 300 | 450 | 55 | 100 | 40 | 65 | 60 | 100 | 90 | 185 | 100 | 400 | 170 | 250 | 200 | 300 | 250 | 375 |
| Portland | 180 | 250 | 130 | 180 | 140 | 240 | 120 | 180 | 190 | 275 | 150 | 190 | 380 | 525 | 90 | 150 | 85 | 105 | 110 | 150 | 150 | 240 | 125 | 280 | 235 | 295 | 250 | 310 | 280 | 400 |
| San Francisco | 200 | 350 | 180 | 275 | 195 | 325 | 225 | 325 | 300 | 500 | 250 | 350 | 400 | 525 | 140 | 190 | 100 | 130 | 165 | 190 | 280 | 425 | 200 | 400 | 320 | 400 | 300 | 375 | 250 | 375 |
| Seattle | 190 | 235 | 130 | 185 | 130 | 265 | 110 | 155 | 215 | 315 | 185 | 210 | 370 | 525 | 90 | 125 | 80 | 100 | 100 | 145 | 140 | 250 | 130 | 270 | 235 | 290 | 265 | 395 | 305 | 455 |
| Washington, D.C. | 250 | 400 | 175 | 275 | 125 | 250 | 100 | 150 | 325 | 475 | 225 | 325 | 375 | 600 | 90 | 150 | 65 | 100 | 80 | 125 | 175 | 300 | 250 | 350 | 275 | 350 | 275 | 375 | 300 | 450 |

RLB WINS THE BEST TALL BUILDING AWARD

The Council on Tall buildings and Urban Habitat has announced the regional (Americas, Asia & Australasia, and Europe) winners for their 2016 Tall Buildings Award. RLB provided quantity surveying services for the winner of the Asia & Australasia region, the Shanghai Tower. RLB is humbled and proud to be a part of the team whose innovation, teamwork, performance, and seamless design integration resulted in the receipt of this prestigious achievement.

About the Project

Recognized as one of the world's greenest skyscrapers, Shanghai Tower achieved LEED Platinum certification. The structure features a double-glass facade, one of several green technologies that will reduce the building's carbon footprint by 34,000 tonnes per year. The tapering spiral shape at the top was designed to be eco-friendly, by minimizing wind loads.

Shanghai Tower stands 632 meters high and consists of 121 stories, with a total floor space of about 570,000 square meters. It is the tallest building in China and the second tallest structure in the world.



Shanghai Tower, Shanghai

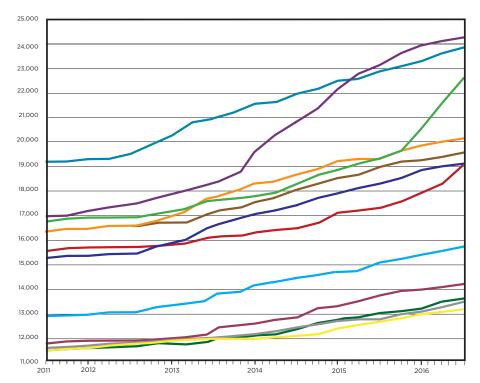
Best Tall Building Award Winner

Asia & Australasia Region 2016



USA REPORT

COMPARATIVE COST INDEX



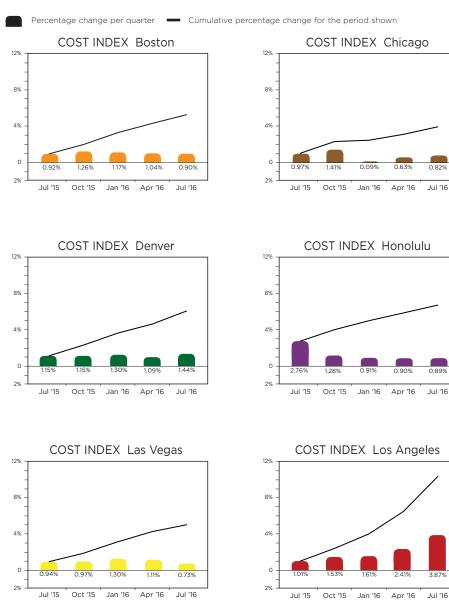
Each quarter we look at the comparative cost of construction in 12 US cities, indexing them to show how costs are changing in each city in particular, and against the costs in the other 11 locations. You will be able to find this information in the graph titled *Comparative Cost Index (above)* and in the *Cost and Change Summary (right)*.

Our Comparative Cost Index tracks the 'true' bid cost of construction, which includes, in addition to costs of labor and materials, general contractor and sub-contractor overhead costs and fees (profit). The index also includes applicable sales/use taxes that 'standard' construction contracts attract. In a 'boom,' construction costs typically increase more rapidly than the net cost of labor and materials. This happens as the overhead levels and profit margins are increased in response to the increasing demand. Similarly, in a 'bust', construction cost increases are dampened (or may even be reversed) due to reductions in overheads and profit margins.

| City | April 2016 | July 2016 | % Change |
|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| • Boston | 20,076 | 20,257 | 0.90% |
| Chicago | 19,388 | 19,547 | 0.82% |
| • Denver | 13,466 | 13,660 | 1.44% |
| • Honolulu | 24,122 | 24,338 | 0.89% |
| Las Vegas | 13,155 | 13,251 | 0.73% |
| Los Angeles | 18,332 | 19,041 | 3.87% |
| New York | 23,617 | 23,837 | 0.93% |
| Phoenix | 13,318 | 13,481 | 1.22% |
| Portland | 14,162 | 14,287 | 0.88% |
| San Francisco | 21,659 | 22,625 | 4.46% |
| Seattle | 15,613 | 15,774 | 1.03% |
| • Washington, DC | 18,961 | 19,163 | 1.07% |

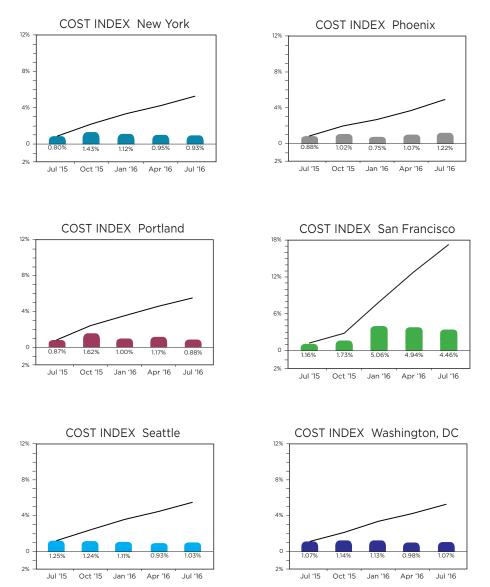
Our research suggests that between April 1, 2016 and July 1, 2016 the national average increase in construction cost was approximately 1.5%. Los Angeles (3.9%) and San Francisco (4.5%) again experienced the greatest increases. Other locations experienced inflation between approximately 1.0% and 1.4% with Boston, Chicago, Honolulu, Las Vegas, New York and Portland all experiencing less than 1.0% change in the quarter.

The following escalation charts track changes in the cost of construction each quarter in many of the cities where Rider Levett Bucknall offices are located. Each chart illustrates the percentage change per period and the cumulative percentage change throughout the charted timeline.









While the information in this publication is believed to be correct, no responsibility is accepted for its accuracy. Persons desiring to utilize any information appearing in this publication should verify its applicability to their specific circumstances.

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